





Iowa | Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program

Quality Measures Desktop Reference for Medicaid Providers

Please note: The information provided is based on HEDIS® measurement year 2023 technical specifications and is subject to change based on guidance given by the National Committee for Quality Assurance, CMS, and state recommendations. Please refer to the appropriate agency for additional guidance.

Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed			
Activity for	and Counseling for Nutrition and Physical Activity for Children/Adolescents	HEDIS	HEDIS Ages 3 to 17	5	_	_	53 to Annual	The percentage of members who had an outpatient visit with a PCP or OB/GYN during the year in which the following were documented: Height, weight, and BMI percentile
					Counseling for nutrition			
					Counseling for physical activity			
					Note: All three sub measures can be completed by any provider.			
Prevention and screening	Childhood Immunization Status (CIS)	HEDIS	Ages 0 to 2	Multiple doses	The percentage of members who had appropriate doses of the following vaccines on or before their second birthday: • Four diphtheria, tetanus, and acellular pertussis (DTaP) • Three IPV • One MMR (can only be given on or between first and second			
	1				birthday to close the gap) Three HiB			
					Three hepatitis B (One of the three vaccinations can be a newborn hepatitis B vaccination during the eight-day period that begins on the date of birth and ends seven days after the date of birth.)			
					One VZV (can only be given on or between first and second birthday to close the gap)			
					Four PCV			

Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	One Hepatitis A (can only be given on or between first and second birthday to close the gap) Two two-dose RV or three three-dose RV (Or one two-dose and two three-dose RV combination) Two Flu (Influenza cannot be given until infant is 6 months of age. One of the two vaccinations for influenza can be an LAIV administered on the child's second birthday) Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed
Prevention and screening	Immunizations for Adolescents (IMA)	HEDIS	Ages 13	Multiple doses	The percentage of members who had one dose of meningococcal vaccine, one tetanus, diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis (Tdap) vaccine, and have completed the human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine series by their 13th birthday. Meningococcal vaccine between 11th and 13th birthday Tdap vaccine between 10th and 13th birthday At least two HPV vaccines between 9th and 13th birthday and with dates of service at least 146 days apart OR at least three HPV vaccines between 9th and 13th birthdays with different dates of service.
Prevention and screening Prevention and screening	Lead Screening in Children (LSC) Cervical Cancer Screening (CCS)	HEDIS HEDIS	Ages 0 to 2 Ages 21 to 64	Once before age 2 Varies by age	The percentage of members who had one or more capillary or venous lead blood test by their second birthday The percentage of women who were screened for cervical cancer using
Screening	Screening (CCS)		1004	uge	either of the following criteria: Women 21 to 64 years of age who had cervical cytology performed within the last three years Women 30 to 64 years of age who had cervical high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) testing performed within the last five years Women 30 to 64 years of age who had cervical cytology/ high-risk

					human papillomavirus (hrHPV) cotesting within the last five years
Prevention and screening	Colorectal Cancer Screening (COL)	HEDIS	Ages 45 to 75	Dependent on screening type	 The percentage of members who had appropriate screening for colorectal cancer. Screenings are defined by one of the following: FOBT during the measurement year. Flexible sigmoidoscopy during the measurement year or the four years prior to the measurement year. Colonoscopy during the measurement year or the nine years prior to the measurement year. CT colonography during the measurement year or the four years prior to the measurement year. Stool DNA (sDNA) with FIT test during the measurement year or the two years prior to the measurement year or the two years prior to the measurement year.
Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed
Prevention and screening	Chlamydia Screening in Women (CHL)	HEDIS	Ages 16 to 24	Annual	Percentage of members who are sexually active and who had at least one screening test for chlamydia during the year.
Prevention and screening	Oral Evaluation, Dental Services (OED)	HEDIS	Ages 0 to 20	Annual	The percentage of members under 21 years of age who received a comprehensive or periodic oral evaluation with a dental provider during the measurement year.
Prevention and screening	Topical Fluoride for Children (TFC)	HEDIS	Ages 1to 4	Annual	The percentage of members 1 to 4 years of age who received at least two fluoride varnish applications during the measurement year.
Respiratory conditions	Appropriate Testing for Pharyngitis (CWP)	HEDIS	Ages 3 years and older	Each occurrence	The percentage of episodes for members who have been diagnosed with pharyngitis, dispensed an antibiotic, and received group A streptococcus (strep) test for the episode

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Respiratory conditions	Use of Spirometry Testing in the	HEDIS	Ages 40 and	As newly diagnosed/	The percentage of members who had a new diagnosis of COPD or newly
Conditions	Assessment and		older	newly	active COPD who received spirometry
	Diagnosis of COPD		oldei	active	testing to confirm the COPD
	J			active	
Descripaton	(SPR)	HEDIS	A er a a 40	la a siti a a t	diagnosis.
Respiratory	Pharmacotherapy Maragana at a CORP	HEDIS	Ages 40	Inpatient	The percentage of COPD
conditions	Management of COPD		and older	discharge	exacerbations for members who had
	Exacerbation (PCE)		oldei	or ED event	an acute inpatient discharge or ED
					visit on or between January 1– November 30 of the measurement
					year and who were dispensed
					appropriate medications. Two rates
					are reported:
					Dispensed a Systemic Corticosteroid (or there was
					evidence of an active
					prescription) within 14 days of the
					event.
					event.
					Dispensed a Bronchodilator (or
					there was evidence of an active
					prescription) within 30 days of the
					event.
					Note: The eligible population for this
					measure is based on acute inpatient
					discharges and ED visits, not on
					members. It is possible for the
					denominator to include multiple
					events for the same individual.
Effectiveness	Measure	Source	Inclusion	Occurrence	Description of measurement,
of care			criteria		screening, test, or treatment needed
Respiratory	Asthma Medication	HEDIS	Ages 5 to	Annual	The percentage of members who
conditions	Ratio (AMR)		64		have been identified as having
					persistent asthma and had a ratio of
1					controller medications to total
					asthma medications of 0.50 or
					asthma medications of 0.50 or
Cardiovascular	Controlling High Blood	HEDIS	Ages 18	Annual	asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement
Cardiovascular conditions	Controlling High Blood Pressure (CBP)	HEDIS	Ages 18 to 85	Annual	asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year.
		HEDIS	_	Annual	asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year. The percentage of members who had
		HEDIS	_	Annual	asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year. The percentage of members who had a diagnosis of HTN and whose blood
		HEDIS	_	Annual	asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year. The percentage of members who had a diagnosis of HTN and whose blood pressure (BP) was adequately
		HEDIS	_	Annual	asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year. The percentage of members who had a diagnosis of HTN and whose blood pressure (BP) was adequately controlled (< 140/90 mm Hg) during the measurement year.
		HEDIS	_	Annual	asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year. The percentage of members who had a diagnosis of HTN and whose blood pressure (BP) was adequately controlled (< 140/90 mm Hg) during
		HEDIS	_	Annual	asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year. The percentage of members who had a diagnosis of HTN and whose blood pressure (BP) was adequately controlled (< 140/90 mm Hg) during the measurement year. The final BP of the measurement year is captured.
		HEDIS	_	Annual	asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year. The percentage of members who had a diagnosis of HTN and whose blood pressure (BP) was adequately controlled (< 140/90 mm Hg) during the measurement year. The final BP of the measurement year is captured. Note: If no BP is recorded during the
		HEDIS	_	Annual	asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year. The percentage of members who had a diagnosis of HTN and whose blood pressure (BP) was adequately controlled (< 140/90 mm Hg) during the measurement year. The final BP of the measurement year is captured.

Cardiovascular	Persistence of Beta-	HEDIS	Ages 18	After	The percentage of members with an
conditions	Blocker Treatment	וובטוט	and	discharge	inpatient discharge from July 1 of the
CONGRETORS	After a Heart Attack		older	discridige	year prior to the measurement year
	(PBH)		otdei		to June 30 of the measurement year
	(РВП)				for acute myocardial infarction (AMI)
					who received beta-blocker treatment
					for six months after a hospital
0 1:	C: TI C				discharge for AMI.
Cardiovascular	Statin Therapy for	HEDIS	Men	Annual	The percentage of members with a
conditions	Patients With		ages 21		diagnosis of clinical atherosclerotic
	Cardiovascular		to 75		cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) and
	Disease (SPC)				met the following criteria:
			Women		Members who were dispensed at
			ages 40		least one high- or moderate-intensity
			to 75		statin medication during the
					measurement year
					Members who remained on a high- or
					moderate-intensity statin medication
					for at least 80% of the time from
					prescription start to end of the year.
Effectiveness	Measure	Source	Inclusion	Occurrence	Description of measurement,
of care			criteria		screening, test, or treatment needed
Cardiovascular	Cardiac Rehabilitation	HEDIS	Ages 18	Annual	The percentage of members who
conditions	(CRE)		and		have attended cardiac rehabilitation
			older		following a qualified cardiac event
					including, myocardial infarction,
					percutaneous coronary intervention,
					coronary artery bypass grafting, heart
					and heart/lung transplantation or
					heart valve repair/replacement.
					Four rates are reported:
					Initiation: the percentage of
					members who attended 2 or more
					sessions of cardiac rehabilitation
					within 30 days after a qualifying
					event.
		1			Engagement 1: the percentage of
1					5 5
					members who attended 12 or more
					members who attended 12 or more
					members who attended 12 or more sessions of cardiac rehabilitation
					members who attended 12 or more sessions of cardiac rehabilitation within 90 days after a qualifying
					members who attended 12 or more sessions of cardiac rehabilitation within 90 days after a qualifying event.
					members who attended 12 or more sessions of cardiac rehabilitation within 90 days after a qualifying event. Engagement 2: the percentage of
					members who attended 12 or more sessions of cardiac rehabilitation within 90 days after a qualifying event. Engagement 2: the percentage of members who attended 24 or more
					members who attended 12 or more sessions of cardiac rehabilitation within 90 days after a qualifying event. Engagement 2: the percentage of members who attended 24 or more sessions of cardiac rehabilitation
					members who attended 12 or more sessions of cardiac rehabilitation within 90 days after a qualifying event. Engagement 2: the percentage of members who attended 24 or more sessions of cardiac rehabilitation within 180 days after a qualifying
					members who attended 12 or more sessions of cardiac rehabilitation within 90 days after a qualifying event. Engagement 2: the percentage of members who attended 24 or more sessions of cardiac rehabilitation within 180 days after a qualifying event.
					members who attended 12 or more sessions of cardiac rehabilitation within 90 days after a qualifying event. Engagement 2: the percentage of members who attended 24 or more sessions of cardiac rehabilitation within 180 days after a qualifying event. Achievement: the percentage of

					within 180 days after a qualifying event.
Diabetes	Hemoglobin A1c Control for Patients With Diabetes (HBD)	HEDIS	Ages 18 to 75	Annual	The percentage of members with diabetes (types 1 and 2) whose hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) was at the following levels during the measurement year: HbA1c control (< 8%) HbA1c poor control (> 9%)
Diabetes	Blood Pressure Control Patients With Diabetes (BPD)	HEDIS	Ages 18 to 75	Annual	The percentage of members with diabetes (types 1 and 2) whose blood pressure (BP) was adequately controlled (< 140/90 mm Hg) during the measurement year. The final BP of the measurement year is captured.
Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed
Diabetes	Eye Exam for Patients With Diabetes (EED)	HEDIS	Ages 18 to 75	Annual	 The percentage of members with diabetes (types 1 and 2) who had one of the following: A retinal or dilated eye exam by an eye care professional in the measurement year. A negative retinal or dilated eye exam (negative for retinopathy) by an eye care professional in the year prior to the measurement year. Bilateral eye enucleation any time during the member's history through December 31 of the measurement year.
Diabetes	Kidney Health Evaluation for Patients With Diabetes (KED)	HEDIS	Ages 18 to 85	Annual	The percentage of members with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who received a kidney health evaluation, defined by an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) <i>and</i> a urine albumin-creatinine rate (uACR), during the measurement year.
Diabetes	Statin Therapy for Patients With Diabetes (SPD)	HEDIS	Ages 40 to 75	Annual	The percentage of members with diabetes who do not have clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular

					disease (ASCVD) who met the following criteria. Two rates are reported: Received statin therapy. Members who were dispensed at least one statin medication of any intensity during the measurement year. Statin adherence 80%. Members who remained on a statin medication of any intensity for at least 80% of the treatment period.
Behavioral health	Diagnosed Mental Health Disorders (DMH)	HEDIS	1 year or older	Annual	The percentage of members who were diagnosed with a mental health disorder during the measurement year. The measure provides information on the diagnosed prevalence of mental health disorders. Neither a higher nor lower rate indicates better performance.
Effectiveness	Measure	Source	Inclusion	Occurrence	Description of measurement,
of care			criteria		screening, test, or treatment needed
Behavioral health	Antidepressant Medication Management (AMM)	HEDIS	Ages 18 and older	Per episode	-

					period, one of which was within 30 days of when the first ADHD medication was dispensed — Two rates are reported: • Initiation Phase: The percentage of members 6 to 12 years of age with a prescription dispensed for ADHD medication, who had one follow-up visit with a practitioner with prescribing authority during the 30-day Initiation Phase. • Continuation and caintenance (C&M) Phase: The percentage of members 6 to 12 years of age with a prescription dispensed for ADHD medication, who remained on the medication for at least 210 days and who, in addition to the visit in the Initiation Phase, had at least two follow-up visits with a practitioner within 270 days (nine months) after the Initiation Phase ended.
Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed
Behavioral health	Follow-Up After Hospitalization for Mental Illness (FUH)	HEDIS	Ages 6 and older	Within 7 and/or 30 days after discharge	The percentage of discharges for members who were hospitalized for treatment of selected mental illness or intentional self-harm diagnoses and who had a follow-up visit with a mental health provider. Two rates are reported: The percentage of discharges for which the member received follow-up within 30 days after discharge. The percentage of discharges for which the member received follow-up within seven days after discharge.
Behavioral	i e		Ages 6 or	Within 7	The percentage of emergency

					follow-up visit for mental illness with any practitioner type. Two rates are reported: The percentage of ED visits for which the member received follow-up within 30 days of the ED visit (31 total days). The percentage of ED visits for which the member received follow-up within seven days of the ED visit (eight total days).
Behavioral health	Diagnosed Substance Use Disorders (DSU)	HEDIS	Ages 13 years or older	Annual	The percentage of members who were diagnosed with a substance use disorder during the measurement year. Four rates are reported: The percentage of members diagnosed with an alcohol disorder. The percentage of members diagnosed with an opioid disorder. The percentage of members diagnosed with a disorder for other or unspecified drugs. The percentage of members diagnosed with any substance use disorder.
Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed
Behavioral health	Follow-Up After High Intensity Care for Substance Use Disorder (FUI)	HEDIS	Ages 13 years and older	Within seven and/or 30 days after discharge	Percentage of acute inpatient hospitalizations, residential treatment or withdrawal management visits for a diagnosis of substance use that result in a follow-up visit or service for substance use disorder — Two rates are reported: The percentage of visits or discharges for which the member received follow-up for substance

					use disorder within the 30 days after the visit or discharge • The percentage of visits or discharges for which the member received follow-up for substance use disorder within the seven days after discharge Note: Follow-up visits on the same day of the visit or discharge do not meet this measure.
Behavioral health	Follow-Up After Emergency Department Visit for Substance Use (FUA)	HEDIS	Ages 13 years and older	Within seven and/or 30 days after ED visit	The percentage of emergency department (ED) visits among members with a principal diagnosis of substance use disorder (SUD), or any diagnosis of drug overdose, for which there was follow-up. Two rates are reported: The percentage of ED visits for which the member received follow-up within 30 days of the ED visit (31 total days). The percentage of ED visits for which the member received follow-up within seven days of the ED visit (eight total days). Note: Follow-up visits that occur on the same day as the ED discharge
					meet this measure.
Behavioral health	Pharmacotherapy for Opioid Use Disorder (POD)	HEDIS	Ages 16 years and older	Annual	The percentage of opioid use disorder (OUD) pharmacotherapy events that lasted at least 180 days among members 16 years of age and older with a diagnosis of OUD and a new OUD pharmacotherapy event.
Behavioral health	Diabetes Screening for People With Schizophrenia or Bipolar Disorder Who Are Using Antipsychotic Medications (SSD)	HEDIS	Ages 18 to 64	Annual	The percentage of members with schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder or bipolar disorder, who were dispensed an antipsychotic medication and had a diabetes screening test (glucose test and/or HbA1c test) during the measurement year.
Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed
Behavioral health	Diabetes Monitoring for People With	HEDIS	Ages 18 to 64	Annual	Percentage of members with schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder and diabetes who had both

	Diabetes and Schizophrenia (SMD)				an LDL-C and an HbA1c test during the year.
Behavioral health	Cardiovascular Monitoring for People With Cardiovascular Disease and Schizophrenia (SMC)	HEDIS	Ages 18 to 64	Annual	Percentage of members with schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder and cardiovascular disease who had an LDL-C test during the year Note: Indicators of cardiovascular disease include: Inpatient discharge for acute myocardial infarction (AMI) or coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG) during the year. Diagnosis of percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI) in any setting during the year. Diagnosis of ischemic vascular disease (IVD) during an inpatient or outpatient visit in both the current year and the prior year.
Behavioral health	Adherence to Antipsychotic Medications for Individuals With Schizophrenia (SAA)	HEDIS	Ages 18 years and older	Annual	The percentage of members with schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder who were dispensed an antipsychotic medication who remained on the antipsychotic medication for at least 80% of their treatment period.
Behavioral health	Metabolic Monitoring for Children and Adolescents on Antipsychotics (APM)	HEDIS	Ages 1 to 17	Annual	Members who had two or more antipsychotic prescriptions and had metabolic testing during the year. Three rates are reported: The percentage of children and adolescents on antipsychotics who received blood glucose testing The percentage of children and adolescents on antipsychotics who received cholesterol testing The percentage of children and adolescents on antipsychotics who received cholesterol testing The percentage of children and adolescents on antipsychotics who received both blood glucose and cholesterol testing
Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed

Overuse/	Use of Opioids From	HEDIS	Ages 18	Annual	The percentage of members receiving
appropriateness	Multiple Providers (UOP)		years and older	Allifout	prescription opioids for ≥ 15 days during the measurement year who received opioids from multiple providers. Three rates are reported: Multiple prescribers: The percentage of members receiving prescriptions for opioids from four or more different prescribers during the measurement year. Multiple pharmacies: The percentage of members receiving prescriptions for opioids from four or more different pharmacies during the measurement year. Multiple prescribers and multiple pharmacies: The percentage of members receiving prescriptions for opioids from four or more different prescribers and four or more different prescribers and four or more different pharmacies during the measurement year (for example, the percentage of members who are numerator compliant for both the Multiple Prescribers and Multiple Pharmacies rates). Note: A lower rate indicates better performance for all three rates.
Overuse/ appropriateness	Risk of Opioid Use (COU)	HEDIS	Ages 18 years and older	Annual	The percentage of members who have a new episode of opioid use that puts them at risk for continued opioid use — Two rates are reported: The percentage of members whose new episode of opioid use lasts at least 15 days in a 30-day period The percentage of members whose new episode of opioid use lasts at least 31 days in a 62-day period Note: Lower rate indicates higher performance.
Overuse/ appropriateness	Appropriate Treatment for Upper Respiratory Infection (URI)	HEDIS	Ages 3 months and older	Per occurrence	The percentage of episodes for members 3 months of age and older with a diagnosis of upper respiratory infection (URI) that did not result in an antibiotic dispensing event.
Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed
Overuse/ appropriateness	Avoidance of Antibiotic Treatment for Acute	HEDIS	Ages 3 months	Per occurrence	The percentage of episodes for members ages 3 months and older with a diagnosis of acute bronchitis/

	Bronchitis/Bronchiolitis		and		bronchiolitis that did not result in an
	(AAB)		older		antibiotic dispensing event.
Overuse/ appropriateness	Non-Recommended Cervical Cancer Screening in Adolescent Females (NCS)	HEDIS	Ages 16 to 20	Annual	The percentage of adolescent females who were screened unnecessarily for cervical cancer. Note: Cervical cancer screening should begin at age 21. Note: A lower percentage rate indicated better performance
Overuse/ appropriateness	Use of Imaging Studies for Low Back Pain (LBP)	HEDIS	Ages 18 to 75	Not applicable	Percentage of members who had a primary diagnosis of lower back pain and did not have an imaging study (e.g., plain X-ray, MRI or CT scan) within 28 days of the diagnosis.
Overuse/ appropriateness	Use of Opioids at High Dosage (HDO)	HEDIS	Ages 18 years and older	Annual	The percentage of members who received prescription opioids for ≥ 15 days during the measurement year at a high dosage (average morphine milligram equivalent dose ≥ 90 mg) Note: Lower rate indicates higher performance.
Measures collected through the cahps® health plan survey	Medical Assistance With Smoking and Tobacco Use Cessation (MSC)	CAHPS	Ages 18 and older	Annual	 The following components of this measure assess different facets of providing medical assistance with smoking and tobacco use cessation: Advising smokers and tobacco users to quit: A rolling average1 represents the percentage of members 18 years of age and older who were current smokers or tobacco users and who received advice to quit during the measurement year. Discussing cessation medications: A rolling average represents the percentage of members 18 years of age and older who were current smokers or tobacco users and who discussed or were recommended cessation medications during the measurement year. Discussing Cessation Strategies. A rolling average represents the percentage of members 18 years

					of age and older who were current smokers or tobacco users and who discussed or were provided cessation methods or strategies during the measurement year.
Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed
Access/ Availability of care	Adults' Access to Preventive/ Ambulatory Health Services (AAP)	HEDIS	Ages 20 and older	Annual	The percentage of members who had an ambulatory or preventive care visit.
Access/ Availability of care	Initiation and Engagement of Substance Use Disorder Treatment (IET)	HEDIS	Ages 13 and older	Per episode	The percentage of new substance use disorder (SUD) episodes that result in treatment initiation and engagement. Two rates are reported:
					Initiation of SUD treatment: the percentage of new SUD episodes that result in treatment initiation through an inpatient SUD admission, outpatient visit, intensive outpatient encounter, partial hospitalization, telehealth visit, or medication treatment within 14 days
					Engagement of SUD treatment: the percentage of new SUD episodes that have evidence of treatment engagement within 34 days of initiation.
Access/ Availability of care	Prenatal and Postpartum Care (PPC)	HEDIS	Live birth	Per occurrence	The percentage of deliveries of live births on or between October 8 of the year prior to the measurement year and October 7 of the measurement year. For these members, the measure assesses the following facets of prenatal and postpartum care: • Timeliness of prenatal care: The percentage of deliveries that received a prenatal care visit in the first trimester, on or before the enrollment start date or within 42 days of enrollment in the organization.

					Postpartum care: The percentage of deliveries that had a postpartum visit on or between seven and 84 days after delivery.
Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed
Access/ Availability of care	Use of First-Line Psychosocial Care for Children and Adolescents on Antipsychotics (APP)	HEDIS	Ages 1 to 17	Annual	The percentage of members who had a new prescription for an antipsychotic medication and had documentation of psychosocial care as first-line treatment.
Utilization and risk adjusted utilization	Well-Child Visits in the First 30 Months of Life (W30)	HEDIS	Ages 0 to 15 months Ages 15 to 30 months	6 Visits 2 Visits	 Members who had the following number of well-child visits with a PCP during the last 15 months. The following rates are reported: Well-Child Visits in the First 15 Months: Children who turned 15 months old during the measurement year: Six or more well-child visits. Well-Child Visits for Age 15 to 30 Months: Children who turned 30 months old during the measurement year: Two or more well-child visits.
Utilization and risk adjusted utilization	Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits (WCV)	HEDIS	Ages 3 to 21	Annual	Members who had at least one comprehensive well-care visit with a PCP or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year.
Utilization and risk adjusted utilization	Ambulatory Care (AMB)	HEDIS	Not specified	Per occurrence	This measure summarizes utilization of ambulatory care in the following categories: Outpatient Visits including telehealth ED Visits
Utilization and risk adjusted utilization	Inpatient Utilization- General Hospital/Acute Care (IPU)	HEDIS	Maternity only report ages 10 to 64	Per occurrence	This measure summarizes utilization of acute inpatient care and services in the following categories: Maternity Surgery Medicine Total inpatient (the sum of maternity, surgery, and medicine)

Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed
Utilization and risk adjusted utilization	Antibiotic Utilization for Respiratory Conditions (AXR)	HEDIS	Ages 3 months and older	Per episode	The percentage of episodes for members with a diagnosis of a respiratory condition that resulted in an antibiotic dispensing event.
Risk adjustment utilization	Plan All-Cause Readmissions (PCR)	HEDIS	Ages 18 to 64 years	Per occurrence	The number of acute inpatient and observation stays during the measurement year that were followed by an unplanned acute readmission for any diagnosis within 30 days.
Experience of care	Health Plan Survey 5.1H, Adult Version (CPA)	CAHPS*	Members who have been with the plan through the year	Annual	This measure provides information on the experiences of Medicaid members with the organization and gives a general indication of how well the organization meets members' expectations. Results summarize member experiences through ratings, composites and question summary rates. Four global rating questions reflect overall satisfaction: 1. Rating of All Health Care. 2. Rating of Personal Doctor. 4. Rating of Specialist Seen Most Often. Five composite scores summarize responses in key areas: 1. Claims Processing (commercial only). 2. Customer Service. 3. Getting Care Quickly. 4. Getting Needed Care. 5. How Well Doctors Communicate. Item-specific question summary rates are reported for the rating questions and each composite question. Question Summary Rates are also reported individually for one item summarizing the following concept: 1. Coordination of Care.
Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed

Experience of care	Health Plan Survey	CAHPS*	Members	Annual	This measure provides information on
carc	5.1H, Child Version		who		parents' experience with their child's
	(CPC)		have		Medicaid organization. Results
			been		summarize member experiences
			with the		through ratings, composites and
			plan		individual question summary rates.
			through		Four global rating questions reflect
			the year		overall satisfaction:
					2. Rating of All Health Care.
					3. Rating of Health Plan.
					4. Rating of Personal Doctor.
					5. Rating of Specialist Seen Most Often.
					Four composite scores summarize
					responses in key areas:
					 Customer Service. Getting Care Quickly.
					Getting Care Quickly. Getting Needed Care.
					4. How Well Doctors Communicate.
					Item-specific question summary rates are reported for the rating questions
					and each composite question.
					Question Summary Rates are also
					reported individually for one item
					summarizing the following concept:
					1. Coordination of Care.
Experience of	Children With Chronic	CAHPS*	Members	Annual	This measure provides information on
care	Conditions (CCC)		who		parents' experience with their child's
			have		Medicaid organization for the
			been with the		population of children with chronic conditions. Three composites
			plan		summarize satisfaction with basic
			through		components of care essential for
			the year		successful treatment, management,
			J. 1. 2 J. 2 J. 1		and support of children with chronic
					conditions:
					1. Access to Specialized Services.
					2. Family Centered Care: Personal
					Doctor Who Knows Child.
					3. Coordination of Care for Children
					•
					also reported individually for two
					items summarizing the following
					concepts:
					1. Access to Prescription Medicines.
					Doctor Who Knows Child.

					2. Family Centered Care: Getting Needed Information.
Effectiveness of care	Measure	Source	Inclusion criteria	Occurrence	Description of measurement, screening, test, or treatment needed
Children and adolescence	Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT) program	EPSDT	Ages 0 to 20	Multiple	Screening must include: Comprehensive health development history (inclusive both physical and mental health).
					Comprehensive unclothed physical exam or appropriately draped.
					Appropriate immunizations.
					Laboratory tests.
					Lead toxicity screening.
					Health education including anticipatory guidance.
					Vision services.
					Dental services.
					Hearing services.
					Other necessary health care — diagnostic services and treatment to correct or ameliorate defects, physical and mental illnesses, and conditions discovered by the screening services.